CONDENSED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Expressed in Canadian Dollars) (Unaudited – Prepared by Management)

AUGUST 31, 2019

NOTICE OF NO AUDITOR REVIEW OF INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Under National Instrument 51-102, Part 4, subsection 4.3(3)(a), if an auditor has not performed a review of the interim financial statements, they must be accompanied by a notice indicating that the financial statements have not been reviewed by an auditor.

The accompanying unaudited condensed interim financial statements of the Company have been prepared by and are the responsibility of the Company's management.

The Company's independent auditor has not performed a review of these financial statements in accordance with standards established by the Chartered Professional Accountants for a review of interim financial statements by an entity's auditor.

CONDENSED INTERIM STATEMENTS OF FINANCIAL POSITION

(Unaudited – Prepared by Management)

(Expressed in Canadian Dollars)

	August 31, 2019		November 30, 2018
ASSETS			
Current assets			
Cash	\$ 13,095	\$	743,318
Receivables	8,787		155,871
Prepaid expenses	58,494		41,893
Marketable securities (Note 4)	117,470		450,000
Total current assets	197,846		1,391,082
Non-current assets			
Advances	73,900		73,900
Exploration and evaluation assets (Note 5)	4,836,703		4,609,219
Furniture and equipment	9,798		11,526
Total non-current assets	4,920,401		4,694,645
Total assets	\$ 5,118,247	\$	6,085,727
LIABILITIES AND EQUITY			
Current liabilities			
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities (Note 6 and 10) Loans payable (Note 7)	\$ 551,310 	\$	545,283 83,296
Total current liabilities	551,310		628,579
Non-current liabilities Flow-through premium liability (Note 11)	02.126		111,857
Flow-through premium hability (Note 11)	93,136		111,037
Total liabilities	644,446		740,436
Equity			
Share capital (Note 8)	34,559,226		34,374,367
Shares to be issued	30,000		30,000
Share subscription receivable	(7,050)	(7,050
Reserves (Note 8)	2,525,350		2,295,767
Deficit	(32,633,725)	(31,347,793
Total equity	4,473,801		5,345,291
Total liabilities and equity	\$ 5,118,247	\$	6,085,727

Nature, continuance of operations, and going concern (Note 1)

Approved and authorized on October 28, 2019 on behalf of the Board:

"Johnathan More"	, Director	"Brent Butler"	, Director
Johnathan More		Brent Butler	<u></u>

POWER METALS CORP.CONDENSED INTERIM STATEMENTS OF INCOME (LOSS) AND COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (LOSS)

 $(Unaudited-Prepared\ by\ Management)$

(Expressed in Canadian Dollars)

	For the	thre	e month ended	For the 1	nine	month ended
	2010		August 31,	2010		August 31,
	2019		2018	2019		2018
EXPENSES						
Consulting	\$ 33,294	\$	45,874	\$ 149,951	\$	246,018
Depreciation	576		721	1,728		2,162
Filing fees	1,744		38,936	20,713		86,629
Investor relations	-		23,042	49,872		211,528
Management fees (Note 10)	54,427		73,595	204,932		205,834
Marketing, promotion and communication	11,046		318,982	53,590		1,875,391
Office and miscellaneous	26,317		41,480	71,091		127,279
Professional fees (Note 10)	28,199		77,711	144,249		182,103
Share-based compensation (Notes 8 and 10)	-		48,159	229,798		2,952,053
Travel	15,291		85,948	73,547		213,733
Write-off of accounts receivable	 -		-	14,318		-
	 (170,894)		(754,448)	(1,013,789)		(6,102,730)
OTHER ITEMS				(0 < 0.10)		20,000
Gain (loss) on settlement of debt (Note 7)	-		-	(26,212)		38,080
Interest and financing expenses (Note 7)	-		1 47 20 4	(14,999)		(24,186)
Other income (Note 11)	2,269		147,304	18,721		179,447
Realized loss on marketable securities (Note 4) Unrealized loss on marketable securities	(2,566)		(260,001)	(56,173)		(468,046)
(Note 4)	 (39,480)		(230,000)	(193,480)		(230,000)
	 (39,777)		(342,697)	(272,143)		(504,705)
Loss and comprehensive loss for the period	\$ (210,671)	\$	(1,097,145)	\$ (1,285,932)	\$	(6,607,435)
Basic and diluted loss per common share	\$ (0.00)	\$	(0.01)	\$ (0.01)	\$	(0.07)
Weighted average number of common shares outstanding – basic and diluted	102,327,121		100,253,049	102,119,527		96,375,929

CONDENSED INTERIM STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

(Unaudited – Prepared by Management)

(Expressed in Canadian Dollars)
FOR THE NINE MONTHS ENDED AUGUST 31,

	2019	2018
CASH FLOW FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES		
Loss for the period	\$ (1,285,932)	\$ (6,607,435)
Items not affecting cash:	,	
Depreciation	1,728	2,162
Accrued financing expenses and bonus shares (Note 7)	14,999	24,186
Other income	(18,721)	(179,447)
Share-based compensation	229,798	2,952,053
Gain (loss) on settlement of accounts payable	26,212	(38,080)
Write-off of accounts receivable	14,318	-
Realized loss on marketable securities	56,173	468,045
Unrealized loss on marketable securities	193,480	230,000
Changes in non-cash working capital items:		
Receivables	132,766	(12,808)
Prepaid expenses	(16,601)	(20,888)
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	 239,196	(339,391)
Net cash used in operating activities	 (412,584)	(3,521,603)
CASH FLOW FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES		
Exploration and evaluation advance	-	(110,000)
Exploration and evaluation acquisition	(75,000)	(65,000)
Exploration and evaluation expenditures	 (385,653)	(1,176,539)
Net cash used in investing activities	 (460,653)	(1,351,539)
CASH FLOW FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES		
Proceeds from share issuance	-	6,200,014
Share issuance costs	-	(544,546)
Warrants exercised	60,137	359,433
Loan repayment	-	(657,337)
Proceed from sale of marketable securities	 82,877	1,111,955
Net cash provided by financing activities	 143,014	6,469,519
Change in cash for the period	(730,223)	1,596,377
Cash, beginning of period	 743,318	33,668
Cash, end of period	\$ 13,095	\$ 1,630,045

Supplementary cash flow information (Note 14)

CONDENSED INTERIM STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN EQUITY

(Unaudited – Prepared in Management)

(Expressed in Canadian Dollars)

_	Share (Capit	tal						
	Common Shares		Amount	Sl	hares to be issued	re subscription receivable	Reserves	Deficit	Total Equity
Balance, November 30, 2017	87,266,498	\$	28,823,953	\$	30,000	\$ (7,050)	\$ 1,439,287	\$ (24,551,053)	\$ 5,735,137
Shares issued in private placement	11,419,728		6,200,014		-	-	-	-	6,200,014
Share issuance costs	-		(544,546)		-	-	-	-	(544,546)
Share issuance costs – brokers' warrants Share issued for acquisition of exploration and	-		(222,793)		-	-	222,793	-	-
evaluation assets (Note 4)	138,461		88,615		-	-	-	-	88,615
Flow-through share premium	-		(756,286)		-	-	-	-	(756,286)
Shares issued for warrants exercised	2,396,223		359,433		-	-	-	-	359,433
Fair value of shares issued on warrants exercised	-		12,418		-	-	(12,418)	-	-
Share-based compensation	-		-		-	-	2,952,053	-	2,952,053
Loss and comprehensive loss for the period	-		-		-	-	-	(6,607,435)	(6,607,435)
Balance, August 31, 2018	101,220,910	\$	33,960,808	\$	30,000	\$ (7,050)	\$ 4,601,715	\$ (31,158,488)	\$ 7,426,985
Balance, November 30, 2018	101,270,910	\$	34,374,367	\$	30,000	\$ (7,050)	\$ 2,295,767	\$ (31,347,793)	\$ 5,345,291
Shares issued for warrants exercised	400,911		60,137		-	-	-	-	60,137
Fair value of shares issued on warrants exercised	-		215		-	-	(215)	-	-
Shares issued for debt settlement	655,300		124,507		-	-	-	-	124,507
Share-based compensation	-		-		-	-	229,798	-	229,798
Loss and comprehensive loss for the period	-		-		-	-	-	(1,285,932)	(1,285,932)
Balance, August 31, 2019	102,327,121	\$	34,559,226	\$	30,000	\$ (7,050)	\$ 2,525,350	\$ (32,633,725)	\$ 4,473,801

NOTES TO THE CONDENSED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Unaudited – Prepared by Management) (Expressed in Canadian Dollars)
FOR THE NINE MONTHS ENDED AUGUST 31, 2019

1. NATURE, CONTINUANCE OF OPERATIONS AND GOING CONCERN

Power Metals Corp. ("Power Metals" or "the Company") is incorporated under the British Columbia Business Corporations Act and its common shares are listed on the TSX Venture Exchange ("the Exchange") under the symbol "PWM". The principal business of the Company is the acquisition, exploration and evaluation of resource properties.

The Company's registered office is 2900-595 Burrard Street, Vancouver, British Columbia, Canada, V7X 1J5 and the head office, principal address and records office is Suite 545-999 Canada Place, Vancouver, British Columbia, Canada, V6C 3E1.

The Company is considered to be in the exploration stage with respect to its interests in exploration and evaluation assets. The recoverability of the amounts comprising exploration and evaluation assets is dependent upon the confirmation of economically recoverable reserves, the ability of the Company to obtain necessary financing to successfully complete their exploration and development and upon future profitable production.

These condensed interim financial statements are prepared on a going concern basis which assumes that the Company will be able to realize its assets and discharge its liabilities in the normal course of business for the foreseeable future. As at August 31, 2019, the Company had an accumulated deficit of \$32,633,725 (November 30, 2018 - \$31,347,793) and has incurred losses since inception. These material uncertainties may raise substantial doubt about the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. The continuing operations of the Company are dependent upon obtaining necessary financing to meet the Company's commitments as they come due and to finance future exploration and development of potential business acquisitions, economically recoverable reserves, securing and maintaining title and beneficial interest in the properties and upon future profitable production. Failure to continue as a going concern would require that assets and liabilities be recorded at their liquidation values, which might differ significantly from their carrying values.

2. BASIS OF PRESENTATION

Statement of compliance

These unaudited condensed interim financial statements have been prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS") as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board ("IASB") and interpretations issued by the IFRS Interpretation Committee ("IFRIC"). These condensed interim financial statements have been prepared on the basis of IFRS standards that are effective for the Company's reporting year ended November 30, 2018.

Basis of presentation

The condensed interim financial statements have been prepared on historical cost basis. In addition, these condensed interim financial statements have been prepared using the accrual basis of accounting except for cash flow information. The functional and presentation currency are both Canadian dollars.

Significant accounting judgments and critical accounting estimates

The preparation of these condensed interim financial statements in conformity with IFRS requires estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in these condensed interim financial statements.

NOTES TO THE CONDENSED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Unaudited – Prepared by Management) (Expressed in Canadian Dollars)

FOR THE NINE MONTHS ENDED AUGUST 31, 2019

2. BASIS OF PRESENTATION (cont'd...)

Significant accounting judgments and critical accounting estimates (cont'd...)

Significant accounting judgments

Significant accounting judgments that management has made in the process of applying accounting policies and that have the most significant effect on the amounts recognized in the financial statements include, but are not limited to, the determination of categories of financial assets and financial liabilities which has been identified as an accounting policy involving assessments made by management, recoverability of the carrying value of the Company's exploration and evaluation assets, and the going concern assumption.

Critical accounting estimates

Key assumptions concerning the future and other key sources of estimation uncertainty that have a significant risk of resulting in a material adjustment to the carrying amount of assets and liabilities within the next financial year include, but are not limited to, the following:

i) Deferred income taxes - The Company is periodically required to estimate the tax basis of assets and liabilities. Where applicable tax laws and regulations are either unclear or subject to varying interpretations, it is possible that changes in these estimates could occur that materially affect the amounts of deferred income tax assets and liabilities recorded in the financial statements. Changes in deferred tax assets and liabilities generally have a direct impact on earnings in the period that the changes occur. Each period, the Company evaluates the likelihood of whether some portion or all of each deferred tax asset will not be realized. This evaluation is based on historic and future expected levels of taxable income, the pattern and timing of reversals of taxable temporary timing differences that give rise to deferred tax liabilities, and tax planning initiatives.

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Furniture and equipment

Furniture and equipment is carried at cost, less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses. Depreciation is recognized using the declining balance method at the following annual rates

Furniture and equipment

20%

Equipment that is withdrawn from use, or has no reasonable prospect of being recovered through use or sale, is regularly identified and written off.

The assets' residual values, depreciation methods and useful lives are reviewed, and adjusted if appropriate, at each reporting date.

Subsequent expenditure relating to an item of property, plant and equipment is capitalized when it is probable that future economic benefits from the use of the assets will be increased. All other subsequent expenditures are recognized as repairs and maintenance.

Exploration and evaluation assets

The Company capitalizes the acquisition costs of mineral claims and mineral rights. Exploration and development costs, subsequent to the determination of the feasibility of mining operations are capitalized. Exploration and development expenses incurred prior to determination of the feasibility of mining operations, periodic option payments and administrative expenditures are expensed as incurred.

Proceeds received on the sale of interests in exploration and evaluation assets are credited to the carrying value of exploration and evaluation assets, with any excess included in operations. Write-downs due to impairment in value are charged to profit or loss.

NOTES TO THE CONDENSED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Unaudited – Prepared by Management)

(Expressed in Canadian Dollars)

FOR THE NINE MONTHS ENDED AUGUST 31, 2019

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (cont'd...)

Exploration and evaluation assets (cont'd...)

Management periodically reviews the carrying values of its investments in exploration and evaluation assets and will recognize impairment in value based upon current exploration results, the prospect of further work being carried out by the Company and the assessment of future probability of revenues from the property or from the sale of the property. A decision to abandon, reduce or expand activity on a specific property is based upon many factors including general and specific assessments of mineral resources, anticipated future mineral prices, anticipated costs of developing and operating a producing mine, the expiration date of mineral property leases and the availability of financing. The Company does not set a pre-determined holding period for properties with unproven resources. However, properties which have not demonstrated suitable prospects at the conclusion of each phase of an exploration program are re-evaluated to determine if future exploration is warranted and that carrying values are appropriate.

If a mineral property is abandoned or it is determined that its carrying value cannot be supported by future production or sale, the related costs are charged against profit or loss in the period of abandonment or determination of impairment of value.

The Company may occasionally enter into farm-out arrangements, whereby the Company will transfer part of a mineral interest, as consideration, for an agreement by the farmee to meet certain exploration and evaluation expenditures which would have otherwise been undertaken by the Company. The Company does not record any expenditures made by the farmee on its behalf. Any cash consideration received from the agreement is credited against the costs previously capitalized to the mineral interest given up by the Company, with any excess cash accounted for as a gain on disposal.

The amounts recorded as mineral claims represent unamortized costs to date and do not necessarily reflect present or future values. Once the technical feasibility and commercial viability of extracting the mineral resource has been determined, the property is considered to be a mine under development and is classified as "mines under construction." Exploration and evaluation assets are tested for impairment before the assets are transferred to development properties. The accumulated costs of mineral properties that are developed to the stage of commercial production will be amortized to operations using the unit of production depletion method.

Title to mineral properties involves certain inherent risks due to the difficulties of determining the validity of certain claims as well as the potential for problems arising from the frequently ambiguous conveyance history characteristic of many mineral properties. The Company has investigated title to all of its mineral properties and, to the best of its knowledge, title to all of its properties is in good standing unless otherwise noted.

Impairment of long-lived assets

At the end of each reporting period, the Company's assets are reviewed to determine whether there is any indication that those assets may be impaired. If such indication exists, the recoverable amount of the asset is estimated in order to determine the extent of the impairment, if any. The recoverable amount is the higher of fair value less costs to sell and value in use. Fair value is determined as the amount that would be obtained from the sale of the asset in an arm's length transaction between knowledgeable and willing parties. In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset. If the recoverable amount of an asset is estimated to be less than its carrying amount, the carrying amount of the asset is reduced to its recoverable amount and the impairment loss is recognized in profit or loss for the period. For an asset that does not generate largely independent cash inflows, the recoverable amount is determined for the cash generating unit to which the asset belongs.

Where an impairment loss subsequently reverses, the carrying amount of the asset (or cash-generating unit) is increased to the revised estimate of its recoverable amount, but to an amount that does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined had no impairment loss been recognized for the asset (or cash-generating unit) in prior years. A reversal of an impairment loss is recognized immediately in profit or loss.

NOTES TO THE CONDENSED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Unaudited – Prepared by Management) (Expressed in Canadian Dollars)

FOR THE NINE MONTHS ENDED AUGUST 31, 2019

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (cont'd...)

Flow-through shares

Under Canadian income tax legislation, a company is permitted to issue flow through shares whereby the Company agrees to incur qualifying expenditures and renounce the related income tax deductions to the investors. The Company allocates the proceeds from the issuance of these shares between the offering of shares and the sale of tax benefits. The allocation is made based on the difference between the quoted price of the shares and the amount the investor pays for the shares. A deferred flow-through premium liability is recognized for the difference. The liability is reversed when the expenditures are made and is recorded in other income. The spending also gives rise to a deferred tax timing difference between the carrying value and tax value of the qualifying expenditure.

Provision for environmental rehabilitation

The Company recognizes liabilities for statutory, contractual, constructive or legal obligations associated with the retirement of exploration and evaluation assets and equipment, when those obligations result from the acquisition, construction, development or normal operation of the assets. The net present value of future rehabilitation cost estimates arising from the decommissioning of plant and other site preparation work is capitalized to mining assets along with a corresponding increase in the rehabilitation provision in the period incurred. Discount rates using a pre-tax rate that reflect the time value of money are used to calculate the net present value. The rehabilitation asset is depreciated on the same basis as mining assets.

The Company's estimates of reclamation costs could change as a result of changes in regulatory requirements, discount rates and assumptions regarding the amount and timing of the future expenditures. These changes are recorded directly to mining assets with a corresponding entry to the rehabilitation provision. The Company's estimates are reviewed annually for changes in regulatory requirements, discount rates, effects of inflation and changes in estimates.

Changes in the net present value, excluding changes in the Company's estimates of reclamation costs, are charged to profit or loss for the period.

As at August 31, 2019 and November 30, 2018, the Company has determined that it does not have any decommissioning obligations.

Financial instruments

Recognition

The Company recognizes a financial asset or financial liability on the statement of financial position when it becomes party to the contractual provisions of the financial instrument. Financial assets are initially measured at fair value, and are derecognized either when the Company has transferred substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of the financial asset, or when cash flows expire. Financial liabilities are initially measured at fair value and are derecognized when the obligation specified in the contract is discharged, cancelled or expired.

A write-off of a financial asset (or a portion thereof) constitutes a derecognition event. Write-off occurs when the Company has no reasonable expectations of recovering the contractual cash flows on a financial asset.

NOTES TO THE CONDENSED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Unaudited – Prepared by Management)

(Expressed in Canadian Dollars)

FOR THE NINE MONTHS ENDED AUGUST 31, 2019

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (cont'd...)

Financial instruments (cont'd...)

Classification and Measurement

The Company determines the classification of its financial instruments at initial recognition. Financial assets and financial liabilities are classified according to the following measurement categories:

- those to be measured subsequently at fair value, either through profit or loss ("FVTPL") or through other comprehensive income ("FVTOCI"); and,
- ii) those to be measured subsequently at amortized cost.

The classification and measurement of financial assets after initial recognition at fair value depends on the business model for managing the financial asset and the contractual terms of the cash flows. Financial assets that are held within a business model whose objective is to collect the contractual cash flows, and that have contractual cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal outstanding, are generally measured at amortized cost at each subsequent reporting period. All other financial assets are measured at their fair values at each subsequent reporting period, with any changes recorded through profit or loss or through other comprehensive income (which designation is made as an irrevocable election at the time of recognition).

The classification and measurement bases of the Company's financial instruments are as follows:

Financial Instrument	IFRS 9
Cash	FVTPL
Accounts receivable	Amortized cost
Accounts payable	Amortized cost

After initial recognition at fair value, financial liabilities are classified and measured at either:

- i) amortized cost;
- ii) FVTPL.

The Company reclassifies financial assets when and only when its business model for managing those assets changes. Financial liabilities are not reclassified.

Transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition or issuance of a financial asset or financial liability classified as subsequently measured at amortized cost are included in the fair value of the instrument on initial recognition. Transaction costs for financial assets and financial liabilities classified at fair value through profit or loss are expensed in profit or loss.

Loss per share

The Company recognizes the dilutive effect on loss per share based on the use of the proceeds that could be obtained upon exercise of options, warrants and similar instruments. It assumes that the proceeds would be used to purchase common shares at the average market price during the period. For the periods presented, this calculation proved to be anti-dilutive. Basic loss per share is calculated using the weighted average number of common shares outstanding during the period.

NOTES TO THE CONDENSED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Unaudited – Prepared by Management) (Expressed in Canadian Dollars)
FOR THE NINE MONTHS ENDED AUGUST 31, 2019

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (cont'd...)

Share capital

The Company engages in equity financing transactions to obtain the funds necessary to continue operations and explore and evaluate resource properties. These equity financing transactions may involve issuance of common shares or units. A unit comprises a certain number of common shares and a certain number of share purchase warrants ("Warrants"). Depending on the terms and conditions of each equity financing agreement ("Agreement"), the Warrants are exercisable into additional common shares prior to expiry at a price stipulated by the Agreement. Warrants that are part of units are valued using residual value method which involves comparing the selling price of the units to the Company's share price on the announcement date of the financing. The market value is then applied to the common share, and any residual amount is assigned to the warrants. Warrants that are issued as payment for agency fee or other transaction costs are accounted for as share-based payments and are recognized in equity. When warrants are forfeited or are not exercised at the expiry date the amount previously recognized in equity is transferred from reserves to deficit.

In situations where share capital is issued, or received, as non-monetary consideration and the fair value of the asset received, or given up is not readily determinable, the fair market value (as defined) of the shares is used to record the transaction. The fair market value of the shares issued, or received, is based on the trading price of those shares on the appropriate Exchange on the date the shares are issued.

Share issuance costs

Share issue costs are deferred and charged directly to share capital on completion of the related equity financing. If the financing is not completed, share issue costs are charged to profit or loss. Costs directly identifiable with the raising of capital will be charged against the related share capital.

Share-based payments

The Company grants stock options to acquire common shares of the Company to directors, officers, employees and consultants. An individual is classified as an employee when the individual is an employee for legal or tax purposes, or provides services similar to those performed by an employee.

The fair value of stock options is measured on the date of grant, using the Black-Scholes option pricing model, and is expensed over the vesting terms. The expected price volatility is based on the historical volatility. All equity-settled share-based payments are reflected in reserves until exercised. Consideration paid for the shares on the exercise of stock options is credited to capital stock. When vested options are forfeited or are not exercised at the expiry date the amount previously recognized in share-based compensation is transferred from reserves to deficit.

In situations where equity instruments are issued to non-employees and some or all of the goods or services received by the Company as consideration cannot be specifically identified, they are measured at the fair value of the share-based payment. Otherwise, share-based payments are measured at the fair value of goods or services received.

Income taxes

Income tax on the profit or loss for the periods presented comprises current and deferred tax. Income tax is recognized in profit or loss except to the extent that it relates to items recognized directly in equity, in which case it is recognized in equity. Current tax expense is the expected tax payable on the taxable income for the year, using tax rates enacted or substantively enacted at period end, adjusted for amendments to tax payable with regards to previous years.

NOTES TO THE CONDENSED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Unaudited – Prepared by Management) (Expressed in Canadian Dollars)
FOR THE NINE MONTHS ENDED AUGUST 31, 2019

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (cont'd...)

Income taxes (cont'd...)

Deferred tax is recorded using the liability method, providing for temporary differences, between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities for financial reporting purposes and the amounts used for taxation purposes. The following temporary differences are not provided for: goodwill not deductible for tax purposes; the initial recognition of assets or liabilities that affect neither accounting or taxable loss; and differences relating to investments in subsidiaries to the extent that they will probably not reverse in the foreseeable future. The amount of deferred tax provided is based on the expected manner of realization or settlement of the carrying amount of assets and liabilities, using tax rates enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date.

A deferred tax asset is recognized only to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profits will be available against which the asset can be utilized. To the extent that the Company does not consider it probable that a deferred tax asset will be recovered, it does not recognize the asset.

Additional income taxes that arise from the distribution of dividends are recognized at the same time as the liability to pay the related dividend. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset when there is a legally enforceable right to set off current tax assets against current tax liabilities and when they relate to income taxes levied by the same taxation authority and the Company intends to settle its current tax assets and liabilities on a net basis.

New accounting standards and amendments to existing standards

The following new accounting standards and interpretations have been adopted during the period.

IFRS 16 Leases was issued by the IASB in January 2016 (effective February 1, 2019) and has not yet been adopted by the Company. IFRS 16 provides a single lessee accounting model, requiring lessees to recognize assets and liabilities for all leases unless the lease term is 12 months or less or the underlying asset has a low value.

The adoption of this new accounting standard had no material impact on the Company's condensed interim financial statements for the current period.

NOTES TO THE CONDENSED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Unaudited – Prepared by Management) (Expressed in Canadian Dollars) FOR THE NINE MONTHS ENDED AUGUST 31, 2019

4. MARKETABLE SECURITIES

	MGX Mine Number of	erals Inc.
	Shares	Amount
Balance, November 30, 2017	-	\$ -
Acquired from mineral property option payment	2,000,000	2,570,000
Proceeds from shares	(1,000,000)	(1,087,665)
Realized loss on marketable securities Unrealized loss on marketable securities	<u>-</u>	(492,335) (540,000)
Balance, November 30, 2018	1,000,000	\$ 450,000
Proceeds from shares	(309,000)	(82,877)
Realized loss on marketable securities Unrealized loss on marketable securities		(56,173) (193,480)
Balance, August 31, 2019	691,000	\$ 117,470

During the year ended November 30, 2018, the Company received 2,000,000 shares at a cost of \$2,570,000 and sold 1,000,000 shares for proceeds of \$1,087,665 and recorded a realized loss of \$492,335.

During the period ended August 31, 2019, the Company sold 309,000 shares for proceeds of \$82,877 and recorded a realized loss of \$56,173. As at August 31, 2019, the Company holds 691,000 shares of MGX Minerals Inc. and the market value of the remaining shares was \$117,470 (November 30, 2018 - \$450,000), which resulted in an unrealized loss of \$193,480 (2018 - \$Nil).

NOTES TO THE CONDENSED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Unaudited – Prepared by Management)

(Expressed in Canadian Dollars)

FOR THE NINE MONTHS ENDED AUGUST 31, 2019

5. EXPLORATION AND EVALUATION ASSETS

During the period ended August 31, 2019, the following exploration expenses were incurred on the exploration and evaluation assets:

	_	Case Lake Property	L	paration ake and ullwing Tot	Parado	ox Basin		Total
Acquisition costs								
Balance, November 30, 2018 Cash paid Shares issued	\$	3,811,161 60,000	\$	268,765 15,000	\$	- \$ - -	4,	,079,926 75,000 -
Balance, August 31, 2019		3,871,161		283,765		-	4,	,154,926
Exploration costs								
Balance, November 30, 2018		364,043		165,250		-		529,293
Assaying		806		-		-		806
Drilling		16,390		10,680		-		27,070
Geological consulting		93,970		19,350		-		113,320
Supplies		6,396		-		-		6,396
Travel and accommodation		4,608		284		-		4,892
Balance, August 31, 2019		486,213		195,564		-		681,777
Total balance, August 31, 2019	\$	4,357,374	\$	479,329	\$	- \$	4,	836,703

NOTES TO THE CONDENSED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Unaudited – Prepared by Management)

(Expressed in Canadian Dollars)
FOR THE NINE MONTHS ENDED AUGUST 31, 2019

5. **EXPLORATION AND EVALUATION ASSETS** (cont'd...)

During the year ended November 30, 2018, the following exploration expenses were incurred on the exploration and evaluation assets:

	Case Lake Property	rumheller and ace River	Leduc Lithium Property]	eparation Lake and Illwing Tot	_	Paradox Basin	Total
Acquisition costs Balance, November 30, 2017 Cash paid	\$ 3,781,161 30,000	\$ 195,000	\$ 1,685,000	\$	145,150 35,000	\$	368,652	\$ 6,174,963 65,000
Shares issued		-	-		88,615		-	88,615
Balance, November 30, 2018	3,811,161	195,000	1,685,000		268,765		368,652	6,328,578
Exploration costs								
Balance, November 30, 2017	944,999	_	-		1,800		-	946,799
Assaying	235,633	-	-		17,105		-	252,738
Drilling	845,080	-	-		44,616		-	889,696
Geological consulting	446,860	-	-		142,882		-	589,742
Supplies	104,878	-	-		15,684		-	120,562
Travel and accommodation	38,239	-	-		19,631		-	57,870
Balance, November 30, 2018	2,615,689	-	-		241,718		-	2,857,407
Recovery Write-off	(112,448)	- (195,000)	(1,685,000)		(14,318)		-	(126,766) (1,880,000)
Marketable securities received for exploration and evaluation assets	(2,139,198)	-	-		(62,150)		(368,652)	(2,570,000)
Total balance, November 30, 2018	\$ 4,175,204	\$ -	\$ -	\$	434,015	\$	-	\$ 4,609,219

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FOR THE NINE MONTHS ENDED AUGUST 31, 2019

5. EXPLORATION AND EVALUATION ASSETS (cont'd...)

MGX Minerals Inc. - Definitive Agreement

During the year ended November 30, 2017, the Company entered into a definitive agreement with MGX Minerals Inc. ("XMG") to acquire certain interests held by the Company in exchange for common shares in the capital of XMG. The transaction terms are as follows:

- a) XMG acquires a 100% interest in all of the Company's current U.S. Petrolithium Brine assets, consisting of Paradox Basin and Coyote Project.
- b) XMG acquires a 20% interest in all of the Company's current Hard Rock Assets, consisting of Case Lake, Separation Lake, Gullwing – Tot Lake and Larder River, and any future assets that the Company acquires for the following 36 months.
- c) XMG has the right to purchase an additional 15% interest of the Company's Hard Rock Assets for a period of 36 months for a total of \$10,000,000.
- d) XMG receives a call option to purchase up to 10,000,000 common shares of the Company at a price of \$0.65 per share for a period of 36 months.
- e) XMG pays to the Company 3,000,000 common shares of XMG 1,000,000 common shares of XMG every 5 months following the effective date (2,000,000 XMG shares received and valued at \$2,570,000). Upon XMG issuing the shares, it will have acquired the Petrolithium Brine assets and title will transfer from the Company to XMG.

For each 1,000,000 XMG shares delivered to the Company, XMG will have earned a 6 2/3% interest in the Hard Rock Assets.

During the period ended August 31, 2019, XMG defaulted on the option agreement and the Company reclaimed the 20% interest in all of the Company's Hard Rock Assets. The remaining 1,000,000 shares of XMG will not be collected.

Case Lake Property

During the year ended November 30, 2016, the Company entered into an agreement to acquire 100% interest in the Case Lake Property in consideration of the following:

- i) paid \$260,000;
- ii) payment of \$100,000 (paid) for the underlying option agreement;
- iii) incur an aggregate of \$200,000 of property expenditures over 36 months (incurred);
- iv) issuance of 11,000,000 common shares of the Company (issued and valued at \$990,000).

The property is subject to a 2% NSR.

The Company also issued 913,235 common shares valued at \$82,191 as finders' fees.

During the year ended November 30, 2017, the Company further acquired a 100% interest in additional claim units in consideration of 3,000,000 shares (issued and valued at \$2,430,000).

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5. **EXPLORATION AND EVALUATION ASSETS** (cont'd...)

Paterson Lake and Gullwing-Tot

During the year ended November 30, 2017, the Company entered into an agreement to acquire 100% interest in the Paterson Lake and Gullwing-Tot properties. Pursuant to the agreement, the Company is required to complete the following:

- i) cash payment
 - a) \$90,000 upon execution of agreement (paid).
 - b) \$35,000 on or before May 1, 2018 (paid).
 - c) \$15,000 on or before May 1, 2019 (paid).
 - d) \$75,000 on or before May 1, 2019 (amended to May 1, 2020).
- ii) share issuances
 - a) share issuances with a value of \$55,000 upon execution of agreement (171,875 common shares issued).
 - b) share issuances with a value of \$90,000 on or before May 1, 2018 (138,461 common shares issued).
 - c) share issuances with a value of \$155,000 on or before May 1, 2019 (amended to May 1, 2020).
- iii) incur an aggregate of \$400,000 on exploration expenditures over 36 months
 - a) incur \$50,000 in exploration on or before May 1, 2018 (incurred).
 - b) incur cumulative exploration expenditures of \$100,000 on or before May 1, 2019 (incurred).
 - c) incur cumulative exploration expenditures of \$250,000 on or before May 1, 2020.

In addition, upon a feasibility study being completed on the properties, the Company will make a payment for each Paterson Lake project and Tot property of \$450,000 up to a maximum \$900,000 in cash at the Company's election.

The properties will be subjected to a 0.5% NSR royalty and the remainder are subject to a 2% NSR on all production, with the Company retaining the right to purchase 1% for \$650,000 cash.

Paradox Basin

During the year ended November 30, 2017, the Company entered into an amended agreement with American Potash Corp. ("AMP"), regarding a joint venture agreement to explore and develop lithium brines. According to the terms, the Company can acquire 65% interest of all AMP lithium holdings in Utah for the following considerations:

- Fund and complete two exploration wells targeting lithium brine occurrences beneath AMP's US Federal lithium claims and/or their Utah state lithium leases.
- For the first well, funding shall be by March 31, 2018. For the second well, funding shall be by September 30, 2018 (below).
- Issuance of 1,000,000 shares (issued and valued at \$300,000).

During the year ended November 30, 2018, the Company received 2,000,000 XMG shares and applied a portion towards the capitalized cost of Paradox Basin.

Drumheller and Peace River

During the year ended November 30, 2017, the Company executed agreements to acquire two lithium brine permit portfolios in Alberta, Canada. Consideration for the property includes the issuance of 650,000 shares of the Company (issued and valued at \$195,000) to arm's length parties and granting of a 2% gross overriding royalty thereon.

During the year ended November 30, 2018, management decided to abandon the properties; accordingly the capitalized cost of \$195,000 was written off.

NOTES TO THE CONDENSED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Unaudited – Prepared by Management) (Expressed in Canadian Dollars)

FOR THE NINE MONTHS ENDED AUGUST 31, 2019

5. **EXPLORATION AND EVALUATION ASSETS** (cont'd...)

Leduc Lithium Property

During the year ended November 30, 2017, the Company executed an agreement to acquire lithium brine permit portfolios in Alberta, Canada. Consideration for the property includes cash payment of \$10,000, the issuance of 5,000,000 shares of the Company (issued and valued at \$1,675,000) and granting of a 2% gross overriding royalty thereon.

During the year ended November 30, 2018, management decided to abandon the properties; accordingly the capitalized cost of \$1.685.000 was written off.

6. ACCOUNTS PAYABLE AND ACCRUED LIABILITIES

Accounts payable and accrued liabilities are as follows:

	August 31, 2019	November 30, 2018
Trade payables Accrued liabilities Due to related parties (Note 10)	\$ 199,924 39,000 312,386	\$ 171,458 38,760 335,065
Total	\$ 551,310	\$ 545,283

7. LOANS PAYABLE

During the year ended November 30, 2015, the Company secured working capital debt financing of \$150,000 from non-arm's length parties. The loans are for a term of one year and bear interest at the rate of 12% per annum calculated and compounded annually. As an inducement to grant the loan, the Company will issue the lenders 122,448 common shares of the Company valued at \$30,000. The repayment of interest of \$23,506 was made during the year ended November 30, 2017. For the year ended November 30, 2018, the Company accrued interest of \$2,734 (2017 - \$22,287) and repaid all remaining loan principal and interest of \$182,337.

During the year ended November 30, 2016, the Company entered into a loan agreement with an arm's length party of \$450,000. The loan amount accrues interest at a rate of 12% per annum for a term of 12 months. As part of the loan agreement, the Company issued 900,000 common shares at a fair value of \$0.10 per share and recognized financing expenses of \$90,000. During the period ended August 31, 2019, the Company accrued interest of \$14,999 (2018 - \$16,049) and repaid all remaining loan principal and interest of \$98,295 by issuance of 655,300 shares, which resulted in a loss of \$26,212.

	August 31, 2019	November 30, 2018
Due to arm's length party	\$ -	\$ 83,296
	\$ 	\$ 83,296

NOTES TO THE CONDENSED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Unaudited – Prepared by Management) (Expressed in Canadian Dollars) FOR THE NINE MONTHS ENDED AUGUST 31, 2019

8. SHARE CAPITAL AND RESERVES

a) Authorized share capital as at August 31, 2019:

Unlimited number of voting common shares without par value Unlimited number of preferred shares with no par value

b) Issued share capital

During the period ended August 31, 2019, the Company:

- i) issued 400,911 shares pursuant to the exercise of warrants for gross proceeds of \$60,137, and accordingly the Company reallocated \$215 of share-payment reserve to share capital.
- ii) issued 655,300 shares pursuant to the settlement of outstanding debt of \$98,295 valued at \$124,507 (Note 7).

During the year ended November 30, 2018, the Company:

- i) closed a private placement financing of 1,071,428 flow-through units at a price of \$0.70 per unit raising total proceeds of \$750,000. Each flow-through unit is comprised of one flow-through common share and one-half share purchase warrant. Each whole warrant is exercisable into one common share at \$1.10 per share, for a period of one year. The flow-through shares were valued at \$653,571 and \$96,429 was allocated to flow-through premium. In connection with the private placement, the Company paid share issuance costs of \$45,000 in cash.
- ii) closed a private placement financing of 6,900,000 units at a price of \$0.50 per unit raising total proceeds of \$3,450,000. Each unit is comprised of one common share and one share purchase warrant. Each warrant is exercisable into one common share at \$0.70 per share, for a period of two years. In connection with the private placement, the Company paid share issuance costs consisting of \$318,399 in cash, and granted 414,000 share purchase warrants with a fair value of \$189,914 using the Black-Scholes option pricing model assuming expected life of 2 years, a risk-free interest rate of 1.76%, a forfeiture rate of 0% an expected volatility of 111.09%, and an exercise price of \$0.70.
- iii) issued 2,446,223 shares pursuant to the exercise of warrants for gross proceeds of \$366,933.
- iv) issued 138,461 shares with a total fair value of \$88,615 for the acquisition of the Separation Lake and Gullwing-Tot (Note 4).
- v) closed a private placement financing of 3,448,300 flow-through units at a price of \$0.58 per unit raising total proceeds of \$2,000,014. Each flow-through unit is comprised of one flow-through common share and one-half share purchase warrant. Each whole warrant is exercisable into one common share at \$0.85 per share, for a period of two years. The flow-through shares were valued at \$1,758,633 and \$241,381 was allocated to flow-through premium. In connection with the private placement, the Company paid share issuance costs consisting of \$181,146 in cash, and granted 206,896 share purchase warrant with a fair value of \$32,879 using the Black-Scholes option pricing model assuming expected life of 2 years, a risk-free interest rate of 1.77%, a forfeiture rate of 0% an expected volatility of 101.66%, and an exercise price of \$0.58.

c) Stock options

The Company has a stock option plan in place under which it is authorized to grant options to executive officers and directors, employees and consultants enabling them to acquire up to 10% of the issued and outstanding common stock of the Company. Under the plan, the exercise price of each option equals the market price of the Company's stock as calculated on the date of grant. The options can be granted for a maximum term of 10 years and vest as determined by the Board of Directors.

NOTES TO THE CONDENSED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Unaudited – Prepared by Management) (Expressed in Canadian Dollars)

FOR THE NINE MONTHS ENDED AUGUST 31, 2019

8. SHARE CAPITAL AND RESERVES (cont'd...)

c) Stock options (cont'd...)

During the period ended August 31, 2019, the Company:

i) granted stock options of 3,000,000 to officers, and consultants of the Company. The options are valued at \$229,798, exercisable at a price of \$0.155 per share, expiring on December 26, 2020.

During the year ended November 30, 2018, the Company:

- i) granted stock options of 3,300,000 to officers, and consultants of the Company. The options are valued at \$2,314,785, exercisable at a price of \$0.81 per share, expiring on January 4, 2023.
- ii) granted stock options of 1,000,000 to a consultant of the Company. The options are valued at \$589,109, exercisable at a price of \$0.65 per share, expiring on March 15, 2023.
- iii) granted stock options of 250,000 to an investor relation consultant of the Company. The options are valued at \$48,159, exercisable at a price of \$0.40 per share, expiring on June 27, 2021. The option will vest every 3 months over a period of one year.

Stock option transactions and the number of share options outstanding are summarized as follows:

	Number Of Options Outstanding	Weighted Average Exercise Price
Balance, November 30, 2017 Granted Expired/Cancelled	5,140,015 \$ 4,550,000 (3,739,996)	0.35 0.75 0.72
Balance, November 30, 2018 Granted Expired/Cancelled	5,950,019 3,000,000 (512,519)	0.42 0.16 0.41
Balance, August 31, 2019	8,437,500 \$	0.32
Number of options currently exercisable	8,437,500 \$	0.32

NOTES TO THE CONDENSED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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FOR THE NINE MONTHS ENDED AUGUST 31, 2019

8. SHARE CAPITAL AND RESERVES (cont'd...)

c) Stock options (cont'd...)

As at August 31, 2019, the following stock options were outstanding:

Number of options	1	Exercise Price	Expiry Date
орионѕ		FIICE	Expiry Date
37,500	\$	0.36	October 28, 2019*
3,000,000		0.16	December 26, 2020
250,000		0.40	June 27, 2021
550,000		0.23	January 16, 2022
200,000		0.48	February 20, 2022
100,000		0.33	March 12, 2022
3,000,000		0.28	July 17, 2022
1,300,000		0.81	January 4, 2023
8,437,500			

^{*}subsequently expired

The following weighted average assumptions were used for the Black-Scholes option pricing model valuation of options granted for the period ended August 31, 2019 and 2018:

	Period ended August 31, 2019	Period ended August 31, 2018
Risk-free interest rate	1.90%	1.72%
Expected life of options	2.00 years	4.89 years
Expected annualized volatility	86.66%	134.16%
Exercise price	\$0.16	\$0.77
Expected dividend rate	0%	0%

The Company uses historical volatility to estimate the volatility of the share price.

d) Warrants

Warrant transactions and the number of warrants outstanding are summarized as follows:

	Number of Warrants	Ex	Weighted Average ercise Price
Balance, November 30, 2017	7,596,999	\$	0.17
Granted	9,159,866		0.75
Exercised	(2,393,667)		0.15
Balance, November 30, 2018	14,363,198		0.54
Exercised	(400,000)		0.15
Cancelled	(5,339,046)		0.27
Balance, August 31, 2019	8,624,152	\$	0.73

NOTES TO THE CONDENSED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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FOR THE NINE MONTHS ENDED AUGUST 31, 2019

8. SHARE CAPITAL AND RESERVES (cont'd...)

d) Warrants (cont'd...)

As at August 31, 2019, the following warrants were outstanding:

Number of Warrants	Exercise Price	Expiry Date	
6,900,000 1,724,152	\$ 0.70 0.85	January 12, 2020 June 27, 2020	
8,624,152			

e) Agent's warrants

Agent's warrants transactions are summarized as follows:

	Number of Agent's Warrants	Weighted Average Exercise Price
Balance, November 30, 2017 Granted Exercised	102,467 5 620,898 (52,556)	\$ 0.15 0.66 0.15
Balance, November 30, 2018 Exercised Cancelled	670,809 (911) (49,000)	0.62 0.15 0.15
Balance, August 31, 2019	620,898	\$ 0.66

As at August 31, 2019, the following agent's warrants were outstanding:

Number of Agent's warrants	Exercise Price	Expiry Date	
414,000 206,898	\$ 0.70 0.58	January 12, 2020 June 27, 2020	
620,898			

The following weighted average assumptions were used for the Black-Scholes pricing model valuation of warrants granted for the period ended August 31, 2019 and 2018:

	Period ended August 31, 2019	Period ended August 31, 2018
Risk-free interest rate	-	1.96%
Expected life of options	-	2.00 years
Expected annualized volatility	-	107.95%
Exercise price	-	\$0.66
Expected dividend rate	-	0%

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9. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS AND RISK

Fair values

The Company's financial instruments consist of cash, accounts receivable and accounts payable. Cash is carried at fair value. The fair values of accounts receivable and accounts payable approximate their carrying amounts due to their current nature.

Financial instruments measured at fair value are classified into one of three levels in the fair value hierarchy based on the degree to which the inputs used to determine the fair value are observable. The three levels of the fair value hierarchy are:

- Level 1 quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities;
- Level 2 inputs other than quoted prices included in Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly
 or indirectly; and
- Level 3 inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data (unobservable inputs).

The Company's financial assets measured at fair value on a recurring basis were calculated as follows:

	Balance	•	ouoted Prices in Active Markets for Identical Assets (Level 1)	Obse	Other ervable Inputs evel 2)	ignificant bservable Inputs (Level 3)
As at August 31, 2019						
Cash	\$ 13,095	\$	13,095	\$	-	\$ -
Marketable securities	117,470		117,470			
As at November 30, 2018						
Cash	\$ 743,318	\$	743,318	\$	-	\$ -
Marketable securities	450,000		450,000			

The Company's risk exposures and the impact on the Company's financial instruments are summarized below:

Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk of loss associated with counterparty's inability to fulfill its payment obligations. As at August 31, 2019, the Company had \$8,787 (November 30, 2018 – \$155,871) receivable from government authorities in Canada and an arm's length vendor party. The Company believes it has no significant credit risk.

Liquidity risk

The Company's approach to managing liquidity risk is to ensure that it will have sufficient liquidity to meet liabilities when due. As at August 31, 2019 the Company had a cash balance of \$13,095 (November 30, 2018 – \$743,318) to settle current liabilities of \$551,310 (November 30, 2018 – \$628,579). The Company will require financing from lenders, shareholders and other investors to generate sufficient capital to meet its short term business requirements. All of the Company's financial liabilities have contractual maturities of 30 days or due on demand and are subject to normal trade terms.

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FOR THE NINE MONTHS ENDED AUGUST 31, 2019

9. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS AND RISK (cont'd...)

Market risk

Market risk is the risk of loss that may arise from changes in market factors such as interest rates, foreign exchange rates, commodity and equity prices.

a) Interest rate risk

The Company has cash balances and loans payable which bear interest. The Company is satisfied with the credit ratings of its banks. The loans have fixed interest rates thus there is no interest rate risk. As of August 31, 2019, the Company did not hold any investments. The Company believes it has no significant interest rate risk.

b) Foreign currency risk

As at August 31, 2019, the Company has a minimal balance of cash in US dollars and does not believe that the foreign currency risk related to the balance is significant.

c) Price risk

The Company is exposed to price risk with respect to commodity and equity prices. Equity price risk is defined as the potential adverse impact on the Company's earnings due to movements in individual equity prices or general movements in the level of the stock market. Commodity price risk is defined as the potential adverse impact on earnings and economic value due to commodity price movements and volatilities. The Company closely monitors commodity prices of gold and other precious and base metals, individual equity movements, and the stock market to determine the appropriate course of action to be taken by the Company. Fluctuations may be significant. Much of this is out of the control of management and will be dealt with based on circumstances at any given time.

10. RELATED PARTY BALANCES AND TRANSACTIONS

Transactions with related parties and key management personnel are as follows:

	Nature of transactions	August 31, 2019	August 31, 2018
Key management personnel:			
Chairman and Director	Management	\$ 159,932	\$ 179,195
A company controlled by CFO and Director	Management	45,000	50,000
A company controlled by CFO and Director	Professional	73,800	90,500
VP Exploration and a company controlled by VP	Geological and consulting	,	
Exploration	(i)	151,629	557,048
			<u> </u>
Total		\$ 430,361	\$ 876,743

i) Capitalized in exploration and evaluation assets.

During the period ended August 31, 2019, the Company granted Nil stock options (2018 – 1,000,000) to an officer resulting in share-based compensation of \$Nil (2018 - \$701,450).

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10. RELATED PARTY BALANCES AND TRANSACTIONS (cont'd...)

The amounts due to other related parties and key management personnel included in accounts payable and accrued liabilities are as follows:

	August 31, 2019	N	November 30, 2018
Due to the Chairman and Director Due to a company controlled by the CFO and Director Due to a company controlled by former VP Exploration and Development Due to a Director Due to VP Exploration and a company controlled by VP Exploration	\$ 25,838 233,603 13,125 39,820	\$	2,612 44,238 233,603 13,125 41,487
	\$ 312,386	\$	335,065

The amounts due to related parties are unsecured non-interest bearing and are due on demand.

The amounts due from other related parties and key management personnel included prepaid expenses are as follows:

	August 31, 2019	November 30, 2018
Due to the Chairman and Director	\$ 27,493	\$ -

11. COMMITMENT

In connection with the issuance of flow-through common shares in June 2018, the Company has a commitment to incur \$2,000,014 of qualifying flow-through expenditures. As at August 31, 2019, the Company has a remaining flow-through commitment of \$771,698.

The following is a continuity schedule of the deferred premium on flow-through shares issuance:

Balance at November 30, 2017	\$ -
Initial recognition of deferred premium on flow-through shares	337,810
Settlement of flow-through share liability through incurring expenditures	(225,953)
Balance at November 30, 2018	111,857
Settlement of flow-through share liability through incurring expenditures	(18,721)
Balance at August 31, 2019	\$ 93,136

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12. CAPITAL MANAGEMENT

The Company's objective when managing capital is to safeguard the entity's ability to continue as a going concern.

In the management of capital, the Company monitors its adjusted capital which comprises all components of equity (i.e. share capital, reserves and deficit).

The Company sets the amount of capital in proportion to risk. The Company manages the capital structure and makes adjustments to it in the light of changes in economic conditions and the risk characteristics of the underlying assets. In order to maintain or adjust the capital structure, the Company may issue common shares through private placements. The Company is not exposed to any externally imposed capital requirements.

No changes were made to capital management during the period ended August 31, 2019.

13. SEGMENTED INFORMATION

The Company operates in one reportable operating segment, being the acquisition, exploration, and development of mineral properties. Geographical information is as follows:

	August 31, 2019	November 30, 2018
Furniture and equipment Canada	\$ 9,798	\$ 11,526
Exploration and evaluation assets Canada	\$ 4,836,703	\$ 4,609,219

14. SUPPLEMENTARY CASH FLOW INFORMATION

	August 31, 2019			August 31, 2018	
Non-cash investing and financing activities Fair value of shares issued - agents warrants exercised	\$ 215	\$	12,418		
Fair value of agent's warrants and agents units issued	Ψ	-	Ψ	222,793	
Flow-through share premium		-		756,286	
Fair value of shares issued for the acquisition of exploration and evaluation assets		-		88,615	